JUDGE AFFIRMS ARBITRATION FOR AMERICAN EXPRESS RFPA CASES

from The Privacy Times

A federal judge in Washington has ruled that American Express (Amex) customerscould not sue for alleged violations of the Right to Financial Privacy Act (RFPA) because Amex's cardholder agreement includes a mandatory arbitration clause that takes away the right to go to court.

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Judge Gladys Kessler ruled that under the Amex cardholder agreement, Utah law was controlling, and said that "a number of courts have found the Arbitration Provision to be valid and enforceable under Utah law.―

"Plaintiffs have neither distinguished this legal precedent nor otherwise argued that Utah law requires invalidating the Arbitration Provision involved in this case,― she wrote, concluding the Arbitration was valid and enforceable and thus trumped Americans' rights under the RFPA.

The plaintiffs sought to bring a class action over the outsourcing of Amex call center chores to overseas locations not subject to U.S. laws, where AmEx personnel have access to callers' financial records the "U.S. Government is free to intercept, search, and seize this data.―

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They alleged the U.S. government had either seized their financial information or that such information was at risk of government seizure. They also charged that their financial information may have been seized by certain foreign governments, which regularly share such data with the United States.

Enacted in 1978, the RFPA prohibits financial institutions from providing U.S. agencies with data concerning a customer's financial records, unless the customer authorized the disclosure of the information or the Government obtained a valid warrant or subpoena.

"As the Supreme Court has held, claims based on federal statutes are no exception to the general rule that arbitration agreements should be enforced according to their terms. Although all statutory claims †may not be appropriate for arbitration, having made the bargain to arbitrate, the party should be held to it unless Congress itself has evinced an intention to preclude waiver of judicial remedies for the statutory rights at issue,'― she wrote.

"lf such Congressional intent exists, †it will be discoverable in the text of the statute, its legislative history, or an †inherer conflict' between arbitration and the statute's underlying purpose,― Judge Kessler continued.

She noted that Plaintiffs could individually pursue RFPA's civil and injunctive remedies in arbitration proceedings. "Mos significantly, they have failed to point to any language in RFPA, its legislative history, or case law suggesting that classwide injunctive relief is mandated by or necessary to carry out RFPA's purpose. In short, Plaintiffs have presented no legal authority suggesting that RFPA precludes enforcement of the Arbitration Provision. In essence, Plaintiffs have presented a policy argument about the limits of arbitration and the prejudicial impact it has on their statutory claims. In passing the FAA, Congress established a â€ïliberal federal policy favoring arbitration agreements,'― Judge Kessler wrote concluding, "To invalidate the Arbitration Provision based upon Plaintiffs' policy arguments would undermine this firmly established Congressional policy choice.― (Charles Aneke v. American Express Travel Related Services, Inc., et al.: USDC-D.C. â€" No. 11-1008(GK); January 31, 2012.

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